

Demand Response Technology Assessment and Delivery

Accelerating Tech Transfer of California's EPIC Projects

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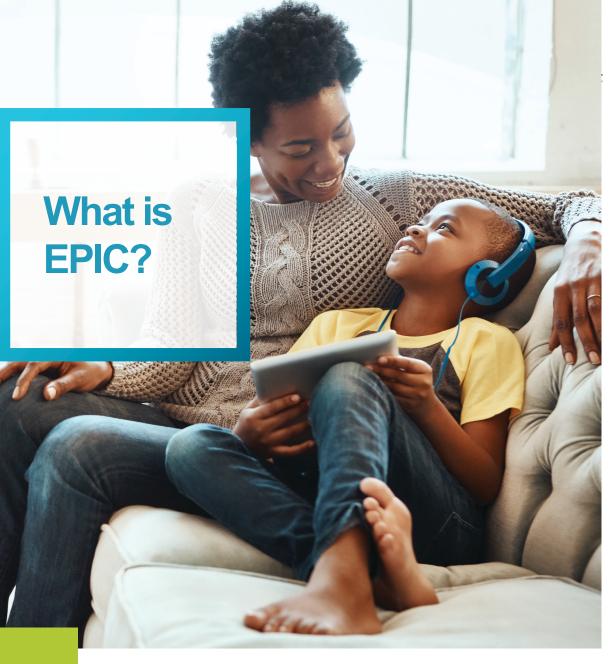
Technology Assessment & Delivery

DR Innovation

made more valuable for Southern California Edison's customers.







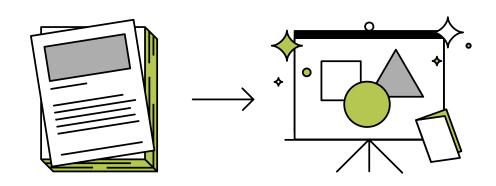
The California Energy Commission's Electric Program Investment Charge (EPIC) program invests in scientific and technological research to accelerate the transformation of the electricity sector to meet the state's energy and climate goals.







A process developed by SCE and EPRI to accelerate the sharing of learnings from the California Energy Commission's EPIC Research projects.







- CA has ambitious energy policy goals
- EPIC is the research vision for these goals
- Technology Transfer needs a boost
- SCE and EPRI have mutual goals for technology advancement
- TA&D is one of the paths to bringing EPIC research to SCE's customers

What we are covering today



What is TA&D

the purpose of the EPRI TA&D program to SCE's EM&T Stakeholders

TA&D Framework

the TA&D process and objectives for CEC Technology Transfer

TA&D Projects

first round of EPIC projects going through the TA&D Framework

Discussion, Q & A

around opportunities to use TA&D to support the CEC's goals for California



The TA&D Framework



Perform a

updates and

presentations

EPIC project.

Provide key

collateral

engagement.

stakeholders with

to inspire additional

comprehensive

technical review

of all documentation,

related to a specific



Conduct interviews with the EPIC Project Lead for a deeper understanding of the project goals, activities and current status.

Develop an easy to understand narrative of the "story," including project goals, current findings and emerging opportunities.





create a visually engaging infographic to share real time findings and suggested next steps with key stakeholders at SCE.



Utilize a Logic Model customized for TA&D to identify missing pieces, leverage points, possible outcomes, and recommended actions.





Attended

TA&D update meetings

Participated

in technical discussions

Collaborated

with other business units

Integrated

the learnings into your work

Transferred

outcomes to your utility's activities

Product 3002017834: Technology Assessment and Delivery (TA&D): Assessing the Potential of CEC's EPIC Projects in Demand Response

https://membercenter.epri.com/abstracts/Pages/ProductAbstract.aspx?ProductId=000000003002017834



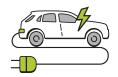




Smart Inverters/
Smart Consumer Devices



Transactive Load Management



Vehicle-Grid Integration



Customer-centric Demand Management

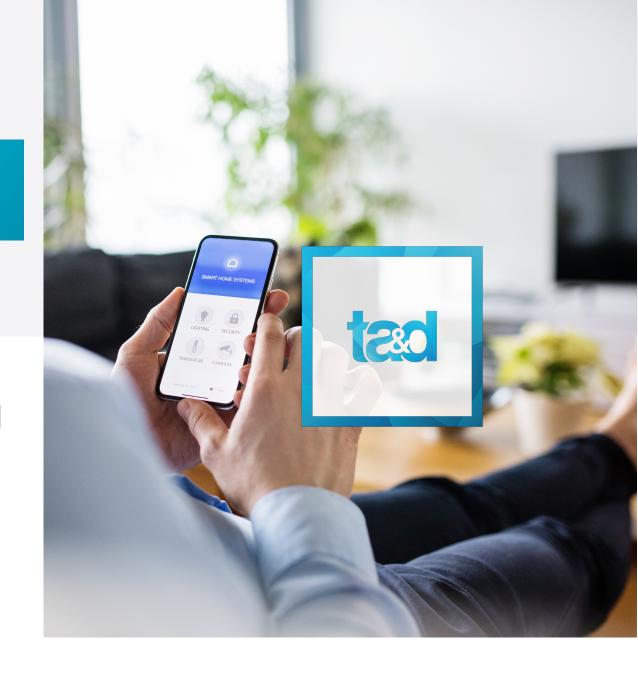


Flexible Control Strategies

Smart Inverters/ Smart Consumer Devices

CEC EPC-14-079

Assessing the Ability of Smart Inverters and Smart Consumer Devices to Enable More Residential Solar Energy



1 Smart Inverters



Lab Testing

- Three simulated homes, each with a solar inverter and a collection of controllable devices.
- Bulk impedances inserted between the homes at the common tie point to the transformer.
- Lab testing carried out in two steps: multi-inverter testing and tests with inverters plus controllable devices.

Field Testing

- PV systems will be outfitted with smart inverters, providing California Rule 21 revisions.
- Controllable loads will be deployed to test effectiveness and customer acceptability of load management strategies.

Smart Consumer Devices Standardized, mass-Common Network producible products Interface Module

SUCCESSES TO DATE



- Lab testing justifies moving onto field testing
- Developed a distributed control algorithm with PVaware scheduling of flexible loads
- Algorithm is fully distributed and requires no communication with the utility
- System architecture can be extended to support DR-control and storage objectives

RECOMMENDED NEXT STEPS

- Secure field test location (multiple homes on the same transformer)
- Engage participants through partner utilities
- Add Extension for DR to field tests engage champion to support this addition
- Consider system as an integrated application for future models of ZNE homes

Signals for Transactive Load Management

CEC EPC-15-045

Transactive Incentive Signals to Manage Electricity Consumption (TIME): A System for Transactive Load Management (TLM)







Transactive Load

Management Signal Design

Create a single TLM pricing signal that could work for both supply and demand.

TLM Signal Software
Development and Project
Integration
Implement the pricing signals and communicate them across the eight separate EPC projects.





Price-based Signal Simulation successfully developed.



OpenADR
Protocol
can deliver
hourly pricing
signals.



Market
Provides
platform for
rebate design.

Day-Ahead



Pricing
Could motivate
customers to
conserve.

Vehicle-Grid Integration

CEC EPC-14-086

CEC EPC-14-086: Develop a Distribution System Aware Vehicle to Grid Services for Improved Grid Stability and Reliability

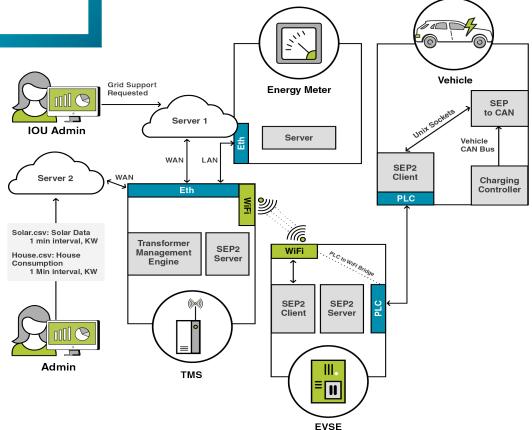




EV Grid

Project Success Snapshot

System Software Integration



- Validated end-to-end interoperability and application of desired standards.
- TMS-automated energy management supports grid service requests.
- Simulated data verifies algorithmic functionality.
- Positive value proposition for EV owners.
- Grid-tied bidirectional charger and J3072 client control module integrated.
- System integration revealed compatible and interconnected grid interaction.
- Effective for residential transformer energy monitoring – community aggregation application.



Opportunities

- Adoption of interconnection requirements for onboard inverters that meet Rule 21.
- Capability of on-vehicle V2G inverters to meet Rule 21 revisions.
- Synchronization between different original equipment manufacturers (OEM) vehicles.
- Reducing signal response times to support ancillary fast response services.
- Better understanding of increased cycling on battery life and how this affects warranties.

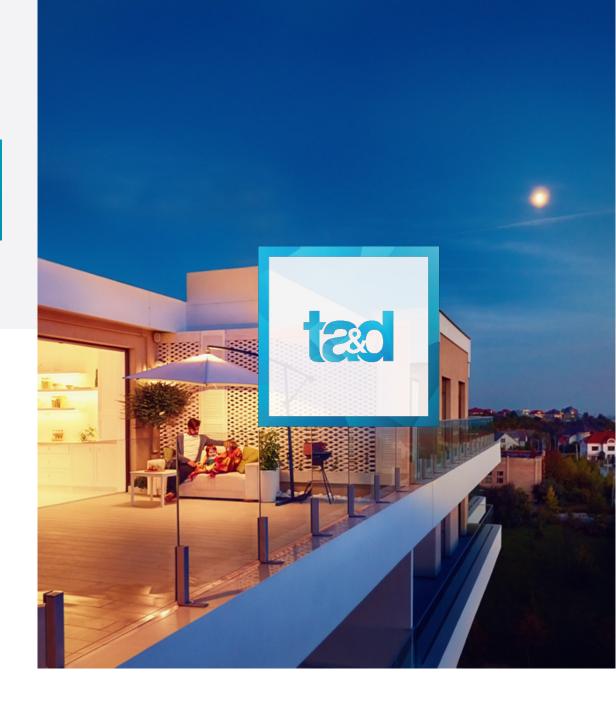
Suggested Next Steps

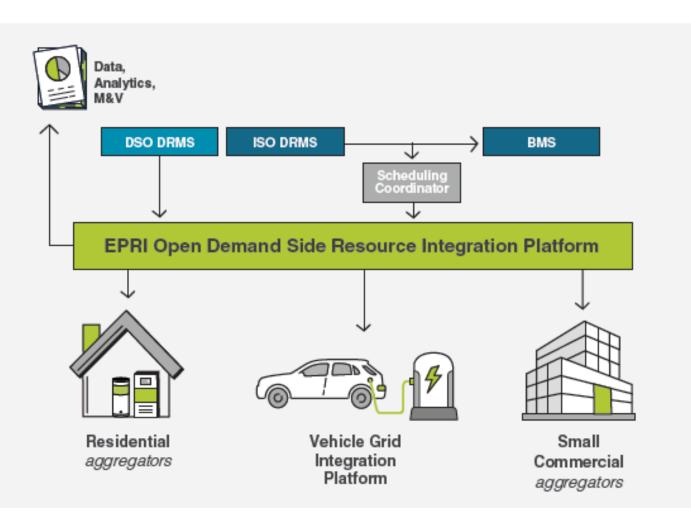
- Define SAE J3072 interoperability, certification requirements and harmonized labeling.
- Develop V2G incentive structures acceptable to customers.
- 3. Define clearer electrical integration standards.
- 4. Develop next-gen 'edge of grid' computing technology.
- 5. Address adoption of J3072 by utilities.
- 6. Test capability of on-vehicle V2G inverters to meet Rule 21 revisions.

Demand Side Resource Integration Platform (DSRIP)

CEC EPC-15-075

Customer-centric Demand Management using Load Aggregation and Data Analytics





Successes



- Development of a DER-vendor agnostic data models supports data aggregation and control.
- Lab setup demonstrated an orchestrated response (water heater, battery, smart thermostat) to a single load shed signal.

Challenges

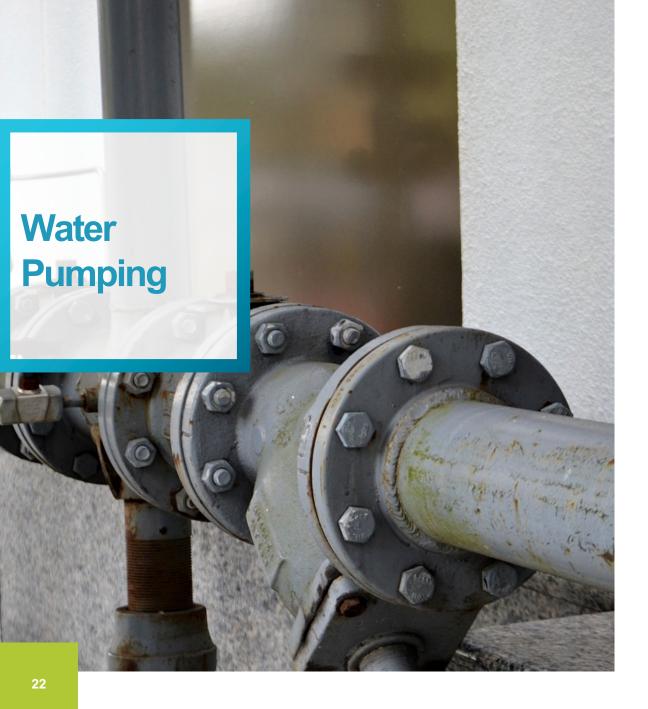
- Control strategies for water heaters that successfully mitigate needle peaks and unexpected heat-ups.
- A layered control strategy that maintains customer's comfort/ energy goals and overall grid benefits.
- An understanding of customer's tolerance for automated controls on customer-sited end-devices.

DR Control Strategies

CEC EPC-16-026

Develop and Pilot Test Flexible Demand Response Control Strategies for Water Pumping Stations and Industrial Refrigeration Plants





Project Status



Taxonomy for flexible water pumping has been developed. Additional activities completed to date include:

- Identified DR strategies and operational constraints for pilot testing
- Designed DR decision support tool for Day-ahead and Day-of Water Operations, which has been vetted by Water Operations personnel
- Completed plant operator interviews and collected initial data
- Installed sub-metering and implemented SCADA connection
- Identified security policy and approved Cloud-based data exchange with SCADA Historian

Next Steps

- Implement Cloud server and interface to enable Cloud-base data exchange interface with SCADA Historian and FEMS System.
- Develop and test the FEMS database and software.
- Demonstrate DR strategies for flexible water pumping within water operational constraints.
- Understand operator tolerance for engaging response from water pumps.



Project Status



The Mira Loma refrigerated warehouse has been in operation for the past several years, utilizing an existing cloud-based supervisory controls system to meet food safety standards. Data communication between the refrigerated warehouse controls system at the site and a remote server in the cloud has been established.

Next Steps

- Address privacy concerns to help expedite metered data sharing.
- Set up OpenADR2.0 b signal communication from a VTN to a VEN in the cloud and to the remote server in the cloud
- Conceptualize, test and demonstrate refrigeration system controls strategies for DR
- Monitor, collect and analyze operational data, and assess control schemes.
- Prepare report.

Outcomes and Next Steps

For TA&D

Using the TA&D Framework to Expand
Technology Transfer of EPIC Projects in CA







Outcomes

- Two Working Sessions with EM&T group
- **EPRI Transactive Energy Symposium**
- **EPRI Technical Update Published**
- **EPRI Technology Transfer Award on Flexible Demand Response**

Next Steps

- ETCC Webinar Happening now!
- ACEEE Summer Study 2020 Paper accepted
- Looking to inform and inspire more EPIC PMs to participate in TA&D
- **EPRI Technology Transfer Award on Flexible Demand Response**



Available for public download:

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Open Discussion

- TA&D was designed to accelerate the technology transfer from the CEC's EPIC program for SCE's Emerging Markets and Technology DR program
- What is the feedback from the webinar participants from this initial phase of the project?
- How might the TA&D process be a model to accelerate the tech transfer of other emerging research activities in California?



